

MT-32 MIDI Implementation

Roland Exclusive Messages

1. Data Format for Exclusive Messages

Roland's MIDI implementation uses the following data format for all exclusive messages (type IV):

Byte	Description
F0H	Exclusive status
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
CMD	Command ID
[BODY]	Maindata
F7H	End of exclusive

MIDI status : FOH, F7H

An exclusive message must be flanked by a pair of status codes, starting with a Manufactures-ID immediately after F0H (MIDI version 1.0),

Manufactures - ID: 41H

The Manufactures-ID identifies the manufacturer of a MIDI instrument that triggeres an exclusive message. Value 4111 represents Roland's Manufactures-ID.

Device - ID: DEV

The Device-ID contains a unique value that identifies the individual device in the multiple implementation of MIDI instruments. It is usually set to 0011 - 0FH, a value smaller by one than that of a basic channel, but value 00H - 1FH may be used for a device with multiple basic channels,

Model - ID: MDL

The Model-II) contains a value that uniquely identifies one model from another. Different models, however, may share an identical Model-ID if they handle similar data.

The Model-ID format may contain 0011 in one or more places to provide an extended data field. The following are examples of valid Model-IDs, each representing a unique model:

> 0211 0311 0011, 0111 0011, 0211 00H, 00H, 01H

Command - ID: CMD

The Command-ID indicates the function of an exclusive message. The Command-ID format may contain 00H in one or more places to provide an extended data field. The following are examples of valid Command-IDs, each representing a unique function:

> 1110 0211 0311 0011, 0111 00H, 02H 00H, 00H, 01H

Main data: BODY

This field contains a message to be exchanged across an interface. The exact data size and contents will vary with the Model-ID and Command-ID.

2. Address- mapped Data Transfer

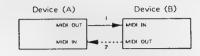
Address mapping is a technique for transferring messages conforming to the data format given in Section 1, It assigns a series of memory-resident records--waveform and tone data, switch status, and parameters, for example -- to specific locations in a machine-dependent address space, thereby allowing access to data residing at the address a message specifies

Address-mapped data transfer is therefore independent of models and data categories, This technique allows use of two different transfer procedures: one-way transfer and handshake transfer,

One-way transfer procedure (See Section3 for details.)

This procedure is suited for the transfer of a small amount of data. It sends out an exclusive message completely independent of a receiving device status.

Connection Diagram

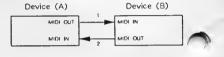


Connectional point2 is essential for "Request data" procedures, (See Section3.)

Handshake- transfer procedure (See Section4 for details.)

This procedure initiates a predetermined transfer sequence (handshaking) across the interface before data transfer takes place. Handshaking ensures that reliability and transfer speed are high enough to handle a large amount of data,

Connection Diagram



Connectional points I and 2 is essential.

- *There are separate Command-IDs for different transfer procedures.
- *Devices A and B cannot exchange data unless they use the same transfer procedure, share identical Device-ID and Model ID, andare ready for communication.

3. One-way Transfer Procedure

This procedure sends out data all the way until it stops when the messages are so short that answerbacks need not be checked.

For long messages, however, the receiving device must acquire each message in time with the transfer sequence, which inserts intervals of at least 20milliseconds in between.

Types of Messages

Message	Command ID	
Request data 1	RQ1 (11H)	
Data set 1	DT1 (12H)	

Request data # 1: RQ1 (11H)

This message is sent out when there is a need to acquire from a device at the other end of the interface. It contains data for the address and size that specify designation and length, respectively, of data required.

On receiving an RQI message, the remote device checks its memory for the data address and size that satisfy the request.

If it finds them and is ready for communication, the device will transmit a "Data set#1 (DT1)" message, which contains the requested data. Otherwise, the device will send out nothing.

Byte	Description
F0H	Exclusive status
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
11H	Command ID
ааН	Address MSB
ssH	Size MSB : : : LSB
sum	Check sum
F7H	End of exclusive

- *The size of the requested data does not indicate the number of bytes that will make up a DT1 message, but represents the address fields where the requested data resides,
- *Some models and data are subject to limitations in data format used for a single transaction. Requested data, for example, may have a limit in length or must be divided into predetermined address fields before it is exchanged across the interface.
- *The same number of bytes comprises address and size data, which, however, vary with the Model-ID.
- *The error checking process uses a checksum that provides a bit pattern where lower seven bits are zero when values for an address, size, and that checksum are summed.

Data set # 1 : DT1 (12H)

This message corresponds to the actual data transfer process, Because every byte in the data is assigned a unique address, a DTI message can convey the starting address (es) of one or more data as well as a series of data formatted in an address—dependent order.

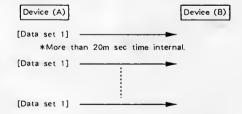
Although the MIDI standards inhibit non-real time messages from interrupting an exclusive one, some devices support a "soft—through" mechanism for such interrupts. To maintaincompatibility with such devices, Roland has limited the DT1 to 256bytes so that an excessively long message is sent out in separate segments.

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
12H	Command ID
ааН	Address MSB
ddH : sum	Data
F7H	End of exclusive

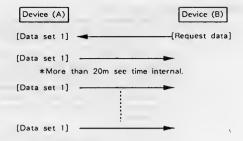
- *A DTI message is capable of providing only the valid data among those specified by an RQI message, *Some models and data are subject to limitations in data
- *Some models and data are subject to limitations in data format used for a single transaction. Requested data, for example, may have a limit in length or must be divided into predetermined address fields before it is exchanged across the interface.
- *The number of bytes comprising address data varies from one Model-ID to another.
- *The error checking process uses a checksum that provides a bit pattern where lower seven bits are zero when values for an address, size, and that checksum are summed.

Example of Message Transactions

Device A sending data to Device B
 Transfer of a DT1 message is all that takes place.



Device B requesting data from Device A
 Device B sends an RQI message to Device A. Checking the message, Device A sends a DT1 message back to Device B.



4. Handshake - Transfer Procedure

Handshaking is an interactive process where two devices exchange error checking signals before a message transaction takes place, thereby increasing data reliability. Unlike one—way transfer that inserts a pause between message transactions, handshake transfer allows much speedier transactions becausedata transfer starts once the receiving device returns a ready signal.

When it comes to handling large amounts of data—sampler waveforms and synthesizer tones over the entire range, for example—eacross a MIDI interface, handshaking transfer is morcefficient than one—way transfer.

Types of Messages

Message	Command ID	
Want to send data	WSD (40H)	
Request data	RQD (41H)	
Data set	DAT (42H)	
Acknowledge	ACK (43H)	
End of data	EOD (45H)	
Communication error	ERR (4EH)	
Rejection	RJC (4FH)	

Want to send data: WSD (40H)

This message is sent out when data must be sent to a device at the other end of the interface. It contains data for the address and size that specify designation and length, respectively, of the data to be sent.

On receiving a WSD message, the remote device checks its memory for the specified data address and size which will satisfy the request. If it finds them and is ready for communication, the device will return an "Acknowledge (ACK)" message.

Otherwise, it will return a "Rejection (RJC)" message,

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
40H	Command ID
ааН	Address MSB
ssH	Size MSB
sum	Check sum
F7H	End of exclusive

- *The size of the data to be sent does not indicate the number of bytes that make up a "Data set (DAT)" message, but represents the address fields where the data should reside,
- *Some models and data are subject to limitations in data format used for a single transaction. Requested data, for example, may have a limit in length or must be divided into predetermined address fields before it is exchanged across the interfere.
- *The same number of bytes comprises address and size data, which, however, vary with the Model-ID.
- which, however, vary with the Model-ID.

 *The error checking process uses a checksum that provides
 a bit pattern where lower seven bits are zero when values
 for an address, size, and that checksum are summed.

Request data: RQD (41H)

This message is sent out when there is a need to acquire data from a device at the other end of the interface. It contains data for the address and size that specify designation and length, respectively, of data required.

On receiving an RQD message, the remote device checks its memory for the data address and size which satisfy the request. If it finds them and is ready for communication, the device will transmit a "Data set (DAT)" message, which contains the requested data. Otherwise, it will return a "Rejection (RJC)" message.

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model 1D
41H	Command ID
aaH	Address MSB LSB
ssH	Size MSB
sum	Check sum
F7H	End of exclusive

- *The size of the requested data does not indicate the number of bytes that make up a "Data set (DAT)" message, but represents the address fields where the requested data
- *Some models and data are subject to limitations in data format used for a single transaction. Requested data, for example, may have a limit in length or must be divided into predetermined address fields before it is exchanged across the interface.
- *The same number of bytes comprises address and size data, which, however, vary with the Model-ID.
- *The error checking process uses a checksum that provides a bit pattern where lower seven bits are zero when values for an address, size, and that checksum are summed.

Data set : DAT (42H)

This message corresponds to the actual data transfer process. Because every byte in the data is assigned a unique address, the message can convey the starting address (es) of one or more data as well as a series of data formatted in an address -dependent order.

Although the MIDI standards inhibit non-real time messages from interrupting an exclusive one, some devices support a soft—through mechanism for such interrupts. T maintaincompatibility with such devices, Roland has limited the DAT to 256bytes so that an excessively long message is sent out in separate segments.

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
42H	Command ID
ааН	Address MSB
ddH	Data
sum	Check sum
F7H	End of exclusive

- *A DAT message is capable of providing only the valid data among those specified by an RQD or WSD message,
- models and data are subject to limitations in data format used for a single transaction. Requested data, for example, may have a limit in length or must be divided into predetermined address fields before it is exchanged across the interface,
- *The number of bytes comprising address data varies from one model ID to another.
- *The error checking process uses a checksum that provides a bit pattern where lower seven bits are zero when values for an address, size, and that checksum are summed.

Acknowledge: ACK (43H)

This message is sent out when no error was detected on reception of a WSD, DAT, "End of data (EOD)", or some other message and a requested setup or action is complete, Unless it receives an ACK message, the device at the other end will not proceed to the next operation,

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
43H	Command ID
F7H	End of exclusive

End of data: EOD (45H)

This message is sent out to inform a remote device of the end of a message. Communication, however, will not come to an end unless the remote device returns an ACK message even though an EOD message was transmitted.

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
45H	Command ID
F7H	End of exclusive

Communications error; ERR (4EH)

This message warns the remote device of a communications fault encountered during message transmission due, for example, to a checksum error, An ERR message may be replaced with a "Rejection (RJC)" one, which terminates the current message transaction in midstream.

When it receives an ERR message, the sending device may either attempt to send out the last message a second time or terminate communication by sending out an RJC message.

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
4EH	Command ID
F7H	End of exclusive

Rejection: RJC (4FH)

This message is sent out when there is a need to terminate communication by overriding the current message. An RJC message will be triggered when:

a WSD or RQD message has specified an illegal data address or size, or the device is not ready for communication.

an illegal number of addresses or data has been detected.

data transfer has been terminated by an operator.

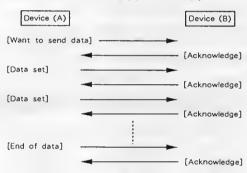
a communications error has occurred.

An ERR message may be sent out by a device on either side of the interface. Communication must be terminated immediately when either side triggers an ERR message.

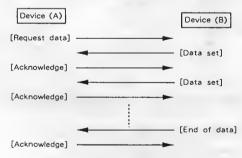
Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Manufactures ID (Roland)
DEV	Device ID
MDL	Model ID
4FH	Command ID
F7H	End of exclusive

Example of Message Transactions

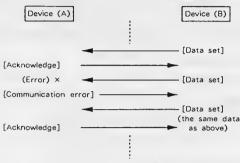
●Data transfer from device (A) to device (B).



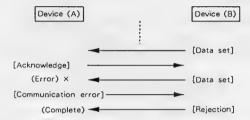
Device (A) requests and receives data from device (B).



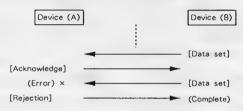
- Error occurs while device (A) is receiving data from device (B).
 - 1) Data transfer from device (A) to device (B).



 Device (8) rejects the data re-transmitted, and completes data transfer.



3) Device (A) immediately completes data transfer.



MULTI TIMBRE SOUND MODULE

MODEL MT-32

MIDI Imprementation

Date: Jan. 14, 1988

Version: 1.02

1. TRANSMITTED DATA

■ Bypassed message

In Overflow Assign mode, the following MIDI In messages are sent to MIDI Outas

- · Channel Voice messages except Note On
- · Odd Note On (s) left unassigned any voice because all assignable voices are engaged,

■ Created message

System exclusive

Status FOH: System Exclusive

F711: EOX (End of System Exclusive)

See "3.EXCLUSIVE COMMUNICATIONS" for details.

2. RECOGNIZED DATA

■ Note event

Note off

Status	Second	Third
8nH	kkH	vvH
9nH	kkH	00H

kkH: Note number 0CH-6CH (12-108) vvH: ignored

Note on

Statu	Second	Third
9nH	kkH	vvH

kkH: Note number OCH-6CH (12-108) vvH: Velocity 1H-7FH (1-127)

■ Control change

Continuous controller (14 bits)

Status BriH	Second mmH	Third vvH
Modulation	mmH=01H	vvH=0H-7FH (0-127)
Volume	mmH = 07H	vvH=0H-7FH (0-127)
Panpot	mmH=0AH	vvH=0H-7FH (0-127)
Expression	mmH=0BI1	vvH = 0H - 7FH (0 - 127)

Continuous controller (7 bits)

Status	Second	Third
BnH	mmH	vvII
Hold 1	mmH=40H	vvH=0H-3FH (0-63) OFF 40H-7FH (64-127) ON

vvH=0

Resets all controllers mmH = 79h

■ Program change

Status Second CnH ррН

> 0H-7FH (0-127) ppH: Program number

Program Change changes Patch,

Pitch bender

Status	Second	Third
EnH	пн	mmI·l

HH: 0H-7FH (0-127) mmH: 0H-7FH (0-127)

■ Channel mode message

Third Status Second mmH: All Notes Off 7BH (123) Omni Off 7CH (124) Omni On 7DH (125) Mono On 7EH (126)

Poly On 7FH (127)

Recognized as only All Notes Off. MT-32 does not change mode, but remains in mode 3 (Omni off, Poly)

Active sensing

Status FEH

■ System exclusive

Status FOH: System Exclusive F7H: EOX (End of System Exclusive)

3. EXCLUSIVE COMMUNICATIONS

Model-1D# of MT-32 is 16H.

MT-32 can receive/send some of the EXCLUSIVE MESSAGEs in the D-50 (Roland synthesizer) format.

Model-ID# of D-50 is 14H.

Device-1D# is the basic channel# of the each part or Unit# of the MT-32

Unit# can be changed in "UNIT# SETUP MODE". Device ID numbers, 0-31, are displayed on the LCD as 1-32, respectively.

■ One way communication

Request

RQ1 11H

When the RQI received contains a start address listed in Parameter base address, and address size is 1 or more, MT-32 sends the corresponding data.

MT-32 won't transmit RQ1.

Byte	Description	
FOH	Exclusive status	
41H	Roland-ID	
DEV	Device-ID	
16H (14H)	Model-ID (MT-32 (D-50))	*3-1
11H	Command-ID (RQ1)	
aaH	Address MSB	*3-2
ааН	Address	
aaH	Address LSB	
ssH	Size MSB	
ssH	Size	
ssH	Size LSB	
sum	Checksum	
F7H	EOX (End of Exclusive)	

Data set

When the DT1 contains a start address as defined in RQ1 above, MT-32 stores the data into that memory location.

DT1 12H

MT-32 sends this message upon receiving RQ1 in the default mode.

Additional function in Overflow Assign mode: MT-32 retransmits DT1 while it processes the DT1 data as necessary.

Byta	Description	
FOH	Exclusive status	
41H	Roland - ID	
DEV	Device-ID	
16H (14H)	Model-ID (MT-32 (D-50))	*3-1
12H	Command-ID (DT1)	
aalł	Address MSB	*3-2
aaH	Address	
aaH	Address LSB	
ddH	Data	*3-3
:		
sum	Checksum	
F7H	FOX (Fnd of Exclusive)	

Handshaking communication

Want to send data WSD 40H

Upon receiving WSD, MT-32 sends ACK and waits for DATA SET message, However, if any part is reproducing sound, MT-32 sends RJC.

MT-32 won't send this message,

Byte	<u>Description</u>	
FOH	Exclusive status	
41H	Roland-ID	
DEV	Device-ID	
16H	Model-ID (MT-32)	
40H	Command-ID (WSD)	
aaH	Address MSB	*3-2
aaH	Address	
aaH	Address LSB	
ssH	Size MSB	
ssH	Size	
ssH	Size LSB	
sum	Checksum	
F7H	EOX (End of Exclusive)	

Request data

RQD 41H

When the RQD contains a start address as defined in RQ1 above, MT-32 stores the data into that memory location. However, if any part is reproducing sound, MT -32 sends RIC

MT-32 won't send this message.

	<u>U</u>
F14	F
-	4
	D
	16
	4
	aa

Byte	Description	
FOH	Exclusive status	
4IH	Roland-ID	
DEV	Device-ID	
1611	Model-ID (MT-32)	
4111	Command-ID (RQD)	
aaH	Address MSB	*3-2
aali	Address	
aaH	Address LSB	
ssH	Size MSB	
sslł	Size	
ssl·l	Size LSB	
sum	Checksum	
F7H	EOX (End of Exclusive)	

Data set

DAT 42H

When the DAT contains a start address as defined in RQI above, MT-32 stores the data into that memory location, However,if any part is reproducing sound, MT -32 sends RJC.

In the default mode, MT-32 sends this data upon receipt of RQD.

Byte	Description	
FOH	Exclusive status	
41H	Roland-ID	
DEV	Device-ID	
16H	Model-ID (MT-32)	
42H	Command-ID (DAT)	
aaH	Address MSB	*3-2
aaH	Address	
aaH	Address LSB	
ddH	Data	*3-3
:		
sum	Checksum	
F7H	EOX (End of Exclusive)	

Acknowledge

ACK 43H

When MT-32 receives this message after sending DAT, it sends the next data. When MT-32 receives this message after sending EOD, it ends the current handshaking.

MT-32 sends ACK when it receives WSD, RQD or DAT in the default mode with no part reproducing sound and with data checksum proves correct.

Byte	• Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Roland-ID
DEV	Device-ID
1611	Model-ID (MT-32)
4311	Command-ID (ACK)
F7H	EOX (End of Exclusive)

End of data EOD 45H

Upon receiving this message, it sends ACK and ends the current handshaking.

After finishing the data set (DAT) transmission, MT-32 sends this message.

byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Roland-ID
DEV	Device-ID
16H	Model-ID (MT-32)
45H	Command-ID (EOD)
F7H	EOX (End of Exclusive)

Communication error

ERR 4EH

If checksum doesn't agree (failure in data reception), MT-32 sends this message,

When MT-32 receives this message, it sends the latest message again,

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Roland-ID
DEV	Device-ID
16H	Model-ID (MT-32)
4EH	Command-ID (ERR)
F7H	EOX (End of Exclusive)

Rejection RJC 4FH

If MT-32 receives WSD while it is reproducing sound, it sends RJC.

When MT-32 receives this message, it ends the current handshaking.

Byte	Description
FOH	Exclusive status
41H	Roland-ID
DEV	Device-ID
16H	Model-ID (MT-32)
4FH	Command-ID (RJC)
F7H	EOX (End of Exclusive)

Notes:

*3-1 Both model-IDs are supported, Addresses & parameters are described in section 4 for model-ID I6H (MT-32) and in section 5 for model-ID 14H (D-50, PG-1000).

*3-2 Address & Size should be the address where data exist, *3-3 If the data is Partial Reserve Parameter, received data must comprise all the parameters for being recognized.

4. Address mapping of parameters

Addresses are shown in Hexa-decimal, while numbers are given in 7 bits.

Address	MSB		LSB
binary	Oaaa aaaa	Obbb bbbb	Occc cccc
7 bit Hex	AA	BB	CC

The actual address of a parameter in a block is the sum of the start address of each block and one or more offset address. That is, parameters marked by *4-1, *4-2 have two offset addresses: one in the table under NOTE *4-1, *4-2 and the other in Rhythm Setup table, in Common parameter table or in Partial parameter table.

Parameter base address

Tamporary area (Accessibla on each basic channal)

Start address	Description	
02 00 00 32 76	Timbre Temp Area (part 1-8)	*4-2

Whole part (Accessible on UNIT#)

Start address		Description	
		Patch Temp Area (part 1) Patch Temp Area (part 2)	+n+ 16
03 00 60 03 00 70 03 0I 10 04 00 00 04 01 76	43236 65536	Patch Temp Area (part 7) Patch Temp Area (part 8) Setup Temp Area (rhythm part) Timbre Temp Area (part 1) Timbre Temp Area (part 2)	*4-1 + 17 * 4 *4-2 *4-2 + 1 * 2 * 16
04 0b 44 04 0d 3a 05 00 00 05 00 08	81320	Timbre Temp Area (part 7) Timbre Temp Area (part 8) Patch Memory #I Patch Memory #2	*4 ⁻ -2 *4-2 + 1 *8
05 07 70 05 07 78 08 00 00 08 02 00	131072	Patch Memory #127 Patch Memory #128 Timbre Memory #1 Timbre Memory #2	*4-2 *4-2 + n+25 6
20 00 00	262449 524288	Timbre Memory #63 Timbre Memory #64 System area Display All parameter reset	*4-2 *4-2 *4-3 *4-4

■ Common parameter *4-5

Offset address	Description			
00H	Oaaa aaaa	TONE NAME I		32-127 (ASCII)
0911	Oaaa aaaa	TONE NAME 10		
0A1I	0000 aaaa	Structure of Partial#	1&2	0-12 (1-13)
0BH	0000 aaaa	Structure of Partial#	3&4	0-12 (1-13)
0CH	0000 aaaa	PARTIAL MUTE		0-15 (0000-1111)
0DH	0000 000a	ENV MODE	(Norm	0-1 al,No sustain)
Total size		00 00 0EH	(1101111	ai,ito sustaili/

■ Partial parameter *4-5

Partia	al	parame	ter	*4-5		
		set Iress	Descr	ription		
1	00	00H	0aaa	aaaa	WG PITCH COARSE	0-96
(00	01H	0aaa	aaaa	WG PITCH FINE	(C1,C#1,-C9) 0-100
(00	02H	0000	aaaa .	WG PITCH KEYFOLLOW	(-50-+50) 0-16 (-1,-1/2, -1/4,0,I/8,
						1/4,3/8,1/2, 5/8,3/4,7/8 1,5/4,3/2,2,sI s2)
(00	311	0000	000a	WG PITCH BENDER SW	0-1 (OFF,ON)
	00	04H	0000	000a	WG WAVEFORM	0-1 (SQU,SAW)
(00	0511	0aaa	aaaa	WG PCM WAVE #	0-127 (1-128)
		06H 07H		aaaa aaaa	WG PULSE WIDTH WG PW VELO SENS	$0-100 \\ 0-14$
	20	0.011	0000		D ENW DECTH	(-7-+7)
		08H 09H		aaaa	P-ENV DEPTH P-ENV VELO SENS	0-10 0-100
		OAII		0aaa	P-ENV TIME KEYF	0-100 0-4
		OBH		aaaa	P-ENV TIME 1	0-100
		0CI1		aaaa	P-ENV TIME 2	
		0DH			P-ENV TIME 3	0-100 0-100
		0EH		aaaa aaaa	P-ENV TIME 4	
		OFH		aaaa	P-ENV LEVEL 0	0-100 0-100
,	00	OLII	vaaa	aaaa	I -EKY DEVEL 0	(-50-+50)
	00	10H	0aaa	aaaa	P-ENV LEVEL 1	0-100 (-50-+50)
	00	11H	0aaa	aaaa	P-ENV LEVEL 2	0-100
	00	I2H	0aaa	aaaa	P-ENV SUSTAIN LEVEL	(-50-+50) 0-100
	00	13H	0aaa	aaaa	END LEVEL	(-50-+50) 0-100
		1 477			D INO DIED	(-50-+50)
		14H		aaaa	P-LFO RATE	0-100
		I5H		aaaa	P-LFO DEPTH	0-100
		16H	-	aaaa	P-LFO MOD SENS	0-100
		17H		aaaa	TVF CUTOFF FREQ	0-100
		18H		aaaa	TVF RESONANCE	0-30
	UU	1911	0000	aaaa	TVF KEYFOLLOW	0-14
						(-1,-1/2, -1/4,0,1/8, 1/4,3/8,1/2, 5/8,3/4,7/8
	00	1AH	0aaa	aaaa	TVF BIAS POINT/DIR	1,5/4,3/2,2) 0-127
					(<1A-<7	C >1A->7C)
		1BH		aaaa	TVF BIAS LEVEL	0-14 $(-7-+7)$
		ICH		aaaa	TVF ENV DEPTH	0-100
		1DH		aaaa	TVF ENV VELO SENS	0-100
		1EH		0aaa	TVF ENV DEPTH KEYF	0-4
		1FH		0aaa	TVF ENV TIME KEYF	0 - 4
	00	2011		aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 1	0 - 100
1	00	21H	0aaa	aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 2	0-100
	00	22H	0aaa	aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 3	0 - 100
	00	23H	0aaa	aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 4	0 - 100
		2411	0aaa	aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 5	0-100
		25H	0aaa	aaaa	TVF ENV LEVEL I	0-100
	00	26H	0aaa	aaaa	TVF ENV LEVEL 2	0-100
		27H	0aaa	aaaa	TVF ENV LEVEL 3	0-100
		28H	0aaa	aaaa	TVF ENV SUSTAIN LEVEL	0-100
		29H	0aaa	aaaa	TVA LEVEL	0 - 100
		2AH		aaaa	TVA VELO SENS	0-100
	00	2BH	0aaa	aaaa	TVA BIAS POINT 1 (<1A-<7C	0-127 >1A->7C)
	00	2CH	0000	aaaa	TVA BIAS LEVEL 1	0-12 (-12-0)
	00	2DH	0aaa	aaaa	TVA BIAS POINT 2 (<1A-<7C	0 - 127
	00	2EH	0000	aaaa	TVA BIAS LEVEL 2	0-12 (-12-0)
		2FH	0000	0aaa	TVA ENV TIME KEYF	0-4
1						

00 30H	0000 0aaa	TVA ENV TIME V_FOLLOV	V0-4
00 31H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 1	0 - 100
00 32H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 2	0 - 100
00 33H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 3	0 - 100
00 34H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 4	0 - 100
00 35H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 5	0 - 100
00 36H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV LEVEL 1	0 - 100
00 37H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV LEVEL 2	0 - 100
00 38H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV LEVEL 3	0 - 100
00 39H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV SUSTAIN LEVEL	0-100
Total size		00 00 3AH	

System area

	Offset address	Description	
	00 00H	Oaaa aaaa	MASTER TUNE 0-127
			(432,1Hz-457,6Hz)
	00 01H	0000 00aa	REVERB MODE 0-3
			(Room, Hall, Plate, Tap9 delay)
	00 02H	0000 0aaa	REVERB TIME 0-7
			(1-8)
	00 03H	0000 0aaa	REVERB LEVEL 0-7
	00 04H	00aa aaaa	PARTIAL RESERVE (Part 1) 0-32 *4-6
	00 05H	00aa aaaa	PARTIAL RESERVE (Part 2) 0-32 *4-6
	00 06H	00aa aaaa	PARTIAL RESERVE (Part 3) 0-32 *4-6
	00 07H	00aa aaaa	PARTIAL RESERVE (Part 4) 0-32 *4-6
	H80 00	00aa aaaa	PARTIAL RESERVE (Part 5) 0-32 *4-6
	00 09H	00aa aaaa	PARTIAL RESERVE (Part 6) 0-32 *4-6
	00 OAH	00aa aaaa	PARTIAL RESERVE (Part 7) 0-32 *4-6
	00 OBH	00aa aaaa	PARTIAL RESERVE (Part 8) 0-32 *4-6
	00 OCH	00aa aaaa	PARTIAL RESERVE (Part R) 0-32 *4-6
	00 0DH	000a aaaa	MIDI CHANNEL (Part 1) 0-16
			(1-16,OFF)
	00 0EH	000a aaaa	MIDI CHANNEL (Part 2) 0-16
			(1-16,OFF)
	00 OFH	000a aaaa	MIDI CHANNEL (Part 3) 0-16
			(1-16,OFF)
	00 10H	000a aaaa	MIDI CHANNEL (Part 4) 0-16
			(1-16,OFF)
	00 11H	000a aaaa	MIDI CHANNEL (Part 5) 0-16
			(1-16,OFF)
	00 12H	000a aaaa	MIDI CHANNEL (Part 6) 0-16
			(1-16,OFF)
	00 13H	000a aaaa	MIDI CHANNEL (Part 7) 0-16
			(1-16,OFF)
	00 14H	000a aaaa	MID1 CHANNEL (Part 8) 0-16
			(1-16,OFF)
	00 15H	000a aaaa	MIDI CHANNEL (Part R) 0-16
			(1-16,OFF)
	00 16H	Oaaa aaaa	MASTER VOLUME 0-100
	Total size		00 00 17H
_			

Rhythm setup

Offset address	Description			
00 00H	Oaaa aaaa	TIMBRE	0-94	
		(M1-M	64,R1-R30,OFF)	1
00 01H	Oaaa aaaa	OUTPUT LEVEL	0 - 100	- 51
00 02H	0000 aaaa	PANPOT	0-14 (R-L)	
00 03H	0000 000a	REVERB SWITCH	0-1 (OFF.ON)	
Total size		00 00 04H	,,,	

Patch temp

Offset address	Description		
00 00H	0000 00aa	TIMBRE GROUP	0-3
00 01H	00aa aaaa	(GROUP A,GROUP B,M TIMBRE NUMBER	0-63 (1-64)
00 02H	00aa aaaa	KEY SHIFT	0-48 (-24-+24)
00 03H	Oaaa aaaa	FINE TUNE	0-100 (-50-+50)
00 04H	000a aaaa	BENDER RANGE	0 - 24
00 05H	0000 00aa	ASSIGN MODE 0-3 (POLY 1,POLY 2,POLY 3,POLY 4)	
00 06H	0000 000a	REVERB SWITCH	0-1 (OFF,ON)
00 07H	0xxx xxxx	dummy	,,,
00 08H	Oaaa aaaa	OUTPUT LEVEL	0-100
00 09H	0000 aaaa	PANPOT	0-14 (R-L)
00 0AH :	0xxx xxxx	dummy	
00 OFH	0xxx xxxx		
Total size		00 00 10H	

■ Patch memory

Offset address	Description		
00 00H	0000 00aa	TIMBRE GROUP (GROUP A,GROUP B,M)	0-3
00 01H	00aa aaaa	TIMBRE NUMBER	0-63
00 02H	00aa aaaa	KEY SHIFT	0-48
00 03H	Oaaa aaaa	FINE TUNE	0-100 (-50-+50)
00 0411	000a aaaa	BENDER RANGE	0-24
00 05H	0000 00aa	ASSIGN MODE (POLY 1,POLY 2,1	0-3 POLY 3.POLY 4)
00 06H	0000 000a	REVERB SWITCH	0-1 (OFF.ON)
00 07H Total size	0xxx xxxx	dummy 00 00 08H	(,

■ DISPLAY

Offset address	Description		
00H	Oaaa aaaa	DISPLAYED LETTER	32-127 (ASCII)
1311 Total size	Oaaa aaaa	DISPLAYED LETTER 00 00 14H	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,



Offset address	Description		
luuress	Description		
00 00 00	Rhythm Setup	(for K	ey# 24)
00 00 04	Rhythm Setup	(for K	ey# 25)
80 00 00	Rhythm Setup	(for K	ey# 26)
00 00 0C	Rhythm Setup	(for K	ey# 27)
00 00 10	Rhythm Setup	(for K	ey# 28)
:		:	
:		:	
:		:	
00 01 78	Rhythm Setup	(for K	ey# 86)
00 01 7C	Rhythm Setup		

Structure of "Timbre Temp/Memory" area is as follows.

Sub start address	Description
00 00 00	Common parameter
00 00 0E	Partial parameter (for Partial# 1)
00 00 48	Partial parameter (for Partial# 2)
00 01 02	Partial parameter (for Partial# 3)
00 01 3C	Partial parameter (for Partial# 4)



 $\pm4-3$ The data sent to this address are recognized as the string of letters in ASCII CODE, and displayed on MT-32 LCD.

Cannot be called on RQI or RQD.

All parameters will be initialized by sending data to this address. Cannot be called on RQI or RQD,

This parameter can be modified from D-50 (PG-1000) and results in accessing the address "02-00-00 (Timbre Temp Area (part))" of MT-32

*4-6

Partial Reserves should be simultaneously assigned to all the 9 parts by one Exclusive message without the total number of the Partial Reserves exceeding 32.

5. ADDRESS MAPPING OF PARAMETERS

 $\langle compatible with D-50 (PG-1000) \rangle$

Parameter base address

Start address	Description		
00-00-00	Partial 3	(0-53)	
00-00-40	Partial 4	(64-117)	
00-01-0A	Upper Common	(138-175)	
00-01-40	Partial 1	(192-245)	
00-02-00	Partial 2	(256-309)	
00-02-4A	Lower Common	(330-367)	

Partial parameters

Offset address	Description		
00 00Н	Oaaa aaaa	WG PITCH COARSE	0-72 (C1,C#1,-C7)
00 01H	Oaaa aaaa	WG PITCH FINE	0-100 (-50-+50)
00 02H	0000 aaaa	WG PITCH KEYFOLLOW	0-16 (-1,-1/2, -1/4,0,1/8, 1/4,3/8,1/2, 5/8,3/4,7/8, 1,5/4,3/2,2,\$1,
00 ОЗН	0xxx xxxx	dummy	s2)
00 04H	0xxx xxxx	dummy	
00 05H	0000 000a	WG PITCH BENDER SW	0-1
00 06H	0000 000a	WG WAVEFORM	(OFF,ON) 0-1
00 07H	Oaaa aaaa	WG PCM WAVE #	(SQU,SAW) 0-99
			(1-100)
00 08H	Oaaa aaaa	WG PULSE WIDTH	0-100
00 09H	0000 aaaa	WG PW VELO SENS	0-14 $(-7-+7)$
00 OAH	0xxx xxxx	dummy	
00 OBH	0xxx xxxx	dummy	
00 OCH	0xxx xxxx	dummy	
00 0DH	Oaaa aaaa	TVF CUTOFF FREQ	0 - 100
00 OEH	000a aaaa	TVF RESONANCE	0-30
00 OFH	0000 aaaa	TVF KEYFOLLOW	0-14 (-1,-1/2, -1/4,0,1/8, 1/4,3/8,1/2, 5/8,3/4,7/8, 1,5/4,3/2,2)
00 10H	Oaaa aaaa	TVF BIAS POINT/DIR	0-127
00 IIH	0000 aaaa	(<1A-<:	7C >1A->7C) 0-14
			(-7-+7)
00 12H	Oaaa aaaa	TVF ENV DEPTH	0-100
00 13H	Oaaa aaaa	TVF ENV VELO SENS	0-100
00 14H	0000 0aaa	TVF ENV DEPTH KEYF	0-4
00.15H	0000 0aaa	TVF ENV TIME KEYF	0-4
00 16H	Oaaa aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 1	0-100
00 17H	Oaaa aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 2	0-100
00 18H	Oaaa aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 3	0-100
00 19H	Oaaa aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 4	0-100
00 1AH	Oaaa aaaa	TVF ENV TIME 5	0-100
00 1BH	Oaae aaaa	TVF ENV LEVEL 1	0-100
00 ICH	Oaaa aaaa	TVF ENV LEVEL 2	0-100
00 1DH	Oaaa aaaa	TVF ENV LEVEL 3	0-100
00 1EH 00 1FH	0aaa aaaa 0xxx xxxx	TVF ENV SUSTAIN LEVEL dummy	0-100
00 2211	Ovvv mon	dummu	
00 22H	0xxx xxxx	dummy	0 100
00 23H 00 24H	Oaaa aaaa Oaaa aaaa	TVA LEVEL TVA VELO SENS	0-100
00 25H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA BIAS POINT I	0-100 0-127
00 2011	Jaua aaaa		C >1A->7C)
00 26H	0000 aaaa	TVA BIAS LEVEL 1	0-12
00 27 H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 1	0-100
00 28H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 2	0-100
00 29H	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 3	0-100
00 2AH	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 4	0-100
00 2BH	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV TIME 5	0-100
00 2CH	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV LEVEL 1	0-100
00 2DH	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV LEVEL 2	0-100
00 2EH	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV LEVEL 3	0-100
00 2FH	Oaaa aaaa	TVA ENV SUSTAIN LEVEL	
00 30H	0xxx xxxx	dummy	
00 31H	0000 0aaa	TVA ENV TIME V_FOLLO	W0-4
00 32H	0000 0aaa	TVA ENV TIME KEYF	0-4
00 33H	0xxx xxxx	dummy	
00 34H	0xxx xxxx	dummy	
00 35H	0xxx xxxx	dummy	
Total size		00 00 36H	

■Lower common parameter

Offset address	Description	
00 00H	0000 aaaa	Structure of Partial# 1&2 0-12 (1-13)
00 0111	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV VELO SENS (Partial#1)0-100
00 02H	0000 Oaaa	P-ENV TIME KEYF (PartiaI#1)0-4
00 03H	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV TIME 1 (PartiaI#1) 0-100
00 04H	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV TIME 2 (Partial#1) 0-100
00 05H	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV TIME 3 (Partial#I) 0-100
00 06H	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV TIME 4 (Partial#1) 0-100
00 07H	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV LEVEL 0 (Partial#1) 0-100
		(-50-+50)
1180 00	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV LEVEL 1 (Partial#1) 0-100
		(-50-+50
00 09H	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV LEVEL 2 (PartiaI#1) 0-100
		(-50-+50
00 0AH	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV SUS LEVEL (Partial#1)0-100
		(-50-+50
00 OBH	Oaaa aaaa	END LEVEL (Partial#1) 0-100
		(-50-+50
00 OCH	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 ODH	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO MOD SENS (Partial#1) 0-100
00 0EH	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO MOD SENS (PartiaI#2) 0-100
00 OFH	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 10H	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO RATE (Partial#1) 0-100
00 11H	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO DEPTH (Partial#1) 0-100
00 12H	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 13H	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 14H	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO RATE (Partial#2) 0-100
00 15H	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO DEPTH (Partial#2) 0-100
00 16H :	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 23H	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 24H	0000 00aa	PARTIAL MUTE (Partial# 1&2) 0-3 (00-11
00 25H	0xxx xxxx	dummy
Total size	00 00 26H	

■ Upper common parameter

Offset address	Description	
00 00H	0000 aaaa	Structure of Partial# 3&4 0-12 (1-13)
00 O1II	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV VELO SENS (Partial#3)0-100
00 0211	0000 Oaaa	P-ENV TIME KEYF (Partial#3)0-4
00 0311	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV TIME 1 (Partial#3) 0-100
00 04H	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV TIME 2 (Partial#3) 0-100
00 0511	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV TIME 2 (Partial#3) 0-100 P-ENV TIME 3 (Partial#3) 0-100 P-ENV TIME 4 (Partial#3) 0-100
00 0611	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV TIME 4 (Partial#3) 0100
00 0711	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV LEVEL 0 (Partial#3) 0-100
		(-50-+50)
H80 00	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV LEVEL 1 (Partial#3) 0-100
		(-50-+50)
He0 00	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV LEVEL 2 (PartiaI#3) 0-100
		(-50-+50)
00 OAH	Oaaa aaaa	P-ENV SUS LEVEL (Partial#3) 0-100
		(-50-+50)
00 OBH	Oaaa aaaa	END LEVEL (PartiaI#3) 0-100
		(-50-+50)
00 OCH	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 0DH	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO MOD SENS (PartiaI#3) 0-100
00 0EH	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO MOD SENS (Partial#4) 0-100
00 OFH	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 10H	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO RATE (Partial#3) 0-100
00 11H	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO DEPTH (Partial#3) 0-100
00 12H	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 13H	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 14H	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO RATE (Partial#4) 0-100
00 15H	Oaaa aaaa	P-LFO DEPTH (Partial#4) 0-100
00 16H	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 23H	0xxx xxxx	dummy
00 2 4H	0000 00aa	PARTIAL MUTE (Partial# 3&4) 0-3 (00-11)
00 25H	0xxx xxxx	dummy
Total size		00 00 26H

MODEL MT-32

MIDI Implementation Chart

Date: Jan. 14. 1988

Version: 1.02

	Function	Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changed		2-10 1-8, 10	
Mode	Default Messages Altered	*****	Mode 3	
Note Number	True Voice	* 0-127 *****	0-127 12-108	
Velocity	Note ON Note OFF	*	○ v=1-127 ×	
After Touch	Key's - Ch's	*	×	
Pitch Bende	r	*	○ 0-24 semi	
Control Change	1 7 10 11 12 : 63	* * * *	0 0 0 0	Modulation Part Volume Panpot Expression
	64 65 : 120 121	* *	0 × 0	Hold1 Reset all controllers
Prog Change	True #	*	○ 0-127 0-127	
System Excl	usive	0	0	
System Common	Song Pos Song Sel Tune	× × ×	× × ×	
System Real Time	Clock Commands	× ×	×	
Aux Message	Local ON/OFF All Notes OFF Active Sense Reset	× × ×	× ○ (123-127) ○ ×	
Notes		* in OVERFLOW MODE	received message goes th	nru MIDI OUT.

Mode 1: OMNI ON, POLY Mode 3: OMNI OFF, POLY

Mode 2: OMNI ON. MONO Mode 4: OMNI OFF, MONO ○ : Yes × : No

